¹[SCHEDULE – VI] (See rule 3A)

GENERAL STANDARDS FOR DISCHARGE OF ENVIRONMENTAL **POLLUTANTS PART-A: EFFLUENTS**

S.	Parameter		Sta	ndards	
No.		Inland surface water	Public Sewers	Land for irrigation	Marine coastal areas
1	2			3	
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
1.	Colour and odour	See 6 of Annexure-I		See 6 of Annexure -I	See 6 of Annexure-I
2.	Suspended solids mg/l, Max.	100	600	200	(a) For process waste water- 100
					(b) For cooling water effluent 10 percent above total suspended matter of influent.
3.	Particulate size of suspended solids	Shall pass 850 micron IS Sieve			(a) Floatable solids, max. 3 mm.
					(b) Settleable solids, max. 850 microns.
² 4.	***	*		***	
5.	pH Value	5.5 to 9.0	5.5 to 9.0	5.5 to 9.0	5.5 to 9.0
6.	Temperature	shall not exceed 5°C above the receiving water temperature			shall not exceed 5°C above the receiving water temperature

Schedule VI inserted by Rule 2(d) of the Environment (Protection) Second Amendment Rules, 1993 notified vide G.S.R. 422(E) dated 19.05.1993, published in the Gazette No. 174 dated 19.05.1993.

Omitted by Rule 2(d)(i) of the Environment (Protection) Third Amendment Rules, 1993 vide Notification No.G.S.R.801(E), dated 31.12.1993.

S.	Parameter		St	Standards		
No.	_	Inland surface water	Public Sewers	Land for irrigation	Marine coastal areas	
1	2			3		
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
7.	Oil and grease mg/l Max.	10	20	10	20	
8.	Total residual chlorin mg/l Max.	1.0			1.0	
9.	Ammonical nitrogen (as N), mg/l Max.	50	50		50	
10.	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (as NH ₃) mg/l, Max.	100			100	
11.	Free ammonia (as NH ₃) mg/l, Max.	5.0			5.0	
12.	Biochemical Oxygen demand ¹ [3 days at 27°C] mg/l max.	30	350	100	100	
13.	Chemical Oxygen Demand, mg/l, max.	250			250	
14.	Arsenic (as As), mg/l, max.	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	
15.	Mercury (as Hg), mg/l, Max.	0.01	0.01		0.01	
16.	Lead (as Pb) mg/l, Max.	0.1	1.0		2.0	
17.	Cadmium (as Cd) mg/l, Max.	2.0	1.0		2.0	
18.	Hexavalent Chromium (as Cr+6), mg/l max.	0.1	2.0		1.0	

Substituted by Rule2 of the Environment (Protection) Amendment Rules, 1996 notified by G.S.R.176, dated 2.4.1996 may be read as BOD (3 days at 27°C) wherever BOD 5 days 20°C occurred.

S.	Parameter		St	andards	
No.	_	Inland surface water	Public Sewers	Land for irrigation	Marine coastal areas
1	2			3	
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
19.	Total chromium (as Cr.) mg/l, Max.	2.0	2.0		2.0
20.	Copper (as Cu) mg/l, Max.	3.0	3.0		3.0
21.	Zinc (As Zn.) mg/l, Max.	5.0	15		15
22.	Selenium (as Se.) mg/l, Max.	0.05	0.05		0.05
23.	Nickel (as Ni) mg/l, Max.	3.0	3.0		5.0
¹ 24.	* * *	*	*	*	*
¹ 25.	* * *	*	*	*	*
¹ 26.	* * *	*	*	*	*
27.	Cyanide (as CN) mg/l Max.	0.2	2.0	0.2	0.2
¹ 28.	* * *	*	*	*	*
29.	Fluoride (as F) mg/l Max.	2.0	15		15
30.	Dissolved Phosphates (as P), mg/l Max.	5.0			
² 31.	* * *	*	*	*	*
32.	Sulphide (as S) mg/l Max.	2.0			5.0
33.	Phenoile compounds (as C ₆ H ₅ OH) mg/l, Max.	1.0	5.0		5.0

Omitted by Rule 2(d)(i) of the Environment (Protection) Third Amendment Rules, 1993 vide Notification No.G.S.R.801(E), dated 31.12.1993.

S.	Parameter	Standards			
No.		Inland surface water	Public Sewers	Land for irrigation	Marine coastal areas
1	2			3	
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
34.	Radioactive materials :				
	(a) Alpha emitter micro curie/ml.	10 ⁻⁷	10 ⁻⁷	10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁻⁷
	(b) Beta emitter micro curie/ml.	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁻⁷	10 ⁻⁶
35.	Bio-assay test	90% survival of fish after 96 hours in 100% effluent	90% survival of fish after 96 hours in 100% effluent	90% survival of fish after 96 hours in 100% effluent	90% survival of fish after 96 hours in 100% effluent
36.	Manganese (as Mn)	2 mg/l	2 mg/l		2 mg/l
37.	Iron (as Fe)	3 mg/l	3 mg/l		3 mg/l
38.	Vanadium (as V)	0.2 mg/l	0.2 mg/l		0.2 mg/l
39.	Nitrate Nitrogen	10 mg/l			20 mg/l
¹ 40.	* * *	*	*	*	*

Omitted by Rule 2(d)(i) of the Environment (Protection) Third Amendment Rules, 1993 vide Notification No. G.S.R. 801(E) dated 31.12.1993

WASTE WATER GENERATION STANDARDS - PART-B

	E WATER GENERATION STANDA	
S.No.	Industry	Quantum
1.	Integrated Iron & Steel	16 m ³ /tonne of finished steel
2.	Sugar	0.4 m ³ /tonne of cane crushed
3.	Pulp & Paper Industries	
	(a) Larger pulp & paper	
	(i) Pulp & Paper	175 m ³ /tonne of paper produced
	(ii)Viscose Staple Fibre	150 m ³ /tonne of product
	(iii)Viscose Filament Yarn	500 m ³ /tonne of product
	(b) Small Pulp & Paper :	
	(i) Agro residue based	150 m ³ /tonne of paper produced
	(ii) Waste paper based	50 m ³ /tonne of paper produced
4.	Fermentation Industries:	
	(a) Maltry	3.5 m ³ /tonne of grain produced
	(b) Brewery	0,.25 m ³ /KL of beer produced
	(c) Distillery	12 m ³ /KL of alcohol produced
5.	Caustic Soda	
	(a) Membrane cell process	1 m ³ /tonne of caustic soda produced excluding cooling tower blowdown
	(b) Mercury cell process	4 m ³ /tonne of caustic soda produced (mercury bearing)
		10% blowdown permitted for cooling tower
6.	Textile Industries : Man-made Fibre	
	(i) Nylon & Polyster	120 m ³ /tonne of fibre produced
7.	(ii) Vixcose rayon Tanneries	150 m ³ /tonne of product 28 m ³ /tonne of raw hide
8.	Starch. Glucose and related products	8 m ³ /tonne of maize crushed
9.	Dairy	3 m ³ /KL of Milk

4 m³/tonne of rubber Natural rubber processing 10. industry Fertilizer 11. 5 m³/tonne of urea or equivalent (a) Straight nitrogenous produced fertilizer 0.5 m³/tonne of SSP/TSP (b) Straight phosphatic fertilizer

(SSP & TSP) excluding manufacture of any acid

(c) Complex fertilizer

Standards of nitrogenous and phosphatic fertilizers are applicable depending on the primary product

LOAD BASED STANDARDS - PART-C

¹[1. Petroleum Oil Refinery:

Parameter	Standard		
1	2		
	Quantum limit in Kg/I 1,000 tonne of		
	crude processed		
1. Oil & Grease	2.0		
2. BOD _{3 days, 27 °C}	6.0		
3. COD	50		
4. Suspended Solids	8.0		
5. Phenols	0.14		
6. Sulphides	0.2		
7. CN	0.08		
8. Ammonia as N	6.0		
9. TKN	16		
10. P	1.2		
11. Cr (Hexavalent)	0.04		
12. Cr(Total)	0.8		
13. Pb	0.04		
14. Hg	0.004		
15. Zn	2.0		
16. Ni	0.4		
17. Cu	0.4		
18. V	0.8		
19. Benzene	0.04		
20. Benzo (a) – Pyrene	0.08		

Substituted by Rule 2(ii)(a) of the Environment (Protection) Amendment Rules, 2008 notified by G.S.R.186(E), dated 18.3.2008

Notes:

- (i) Quantum limit shall be applicable for discharge of total effluent (process effluent, cooling water blow down including sea cooling water blow down, washings, etc.) to receiving environment (excluding direct application on land for irrigation/horticulture purposes within the premises of refinery).
- (ii) In order to measure the quantity of effluent (separately for discharge to receiving environment, application for irrigation/horticulture purposes within the premises of refinery & blow-down of cooling systems), appropriate flow measuring devices (e.g. V-notch, flow meters) shall be provided with.
- (iii) Quantum of pollutants shall be calculated on the basis of daily average of concentration values (one 24-hourly composite sample or average of three grab samples, as the case may be), average flow of effluent during the day and crude throughput capacity of the refinery.
- (iv) Limit for quantity of effluent discharged (excluding blow-down from seawater cooling) shall be 400 m³/1000 tonne of crude processed. However, for refineries located in high rain fall area, limit of quantity of effluent only during rainy days shall be 700 m³/1000 tonne of crude processed].
- 2. Large Pulp & Paper, News Print/ Rayon grade Plants of capacity above 24000 tonne/ Annum

Parameter Quantum

Total Organic Chloride (TOCI)

2 kg/tonne of product.

GENERAL EMISSION STANDARDS - PART-D

I. Concentration Based Standards

SI. No.	Parameter	Standard Concentration not to exceed (in mg/Nm ³)
1.	Particulate Matter (PM)	150
2.	Total Fluoride	25
3.	Asbestos	4 Fibres/cc and dust should not be more than 2 mg/Nm ³

4.	Mercury	0.2
5.	Chlrine	15
6.	Hydrochloric acid vapour and mist	35
¹ 7.	* * *	*
8.	Sulphuric acid mist	50
9.	Carbon monoxide	1% max. (v/v)
¹ 10.	* * *	*
11.	Lead	10 mg/Nm ³
¹ 12.	* * *	*

II. Equipment based Standards

²[For dispersal of sulphur dioxide, in minimum stack height limit is accordingly prescribed as below]

SI. No.	o. Parameter Standard		Standard	
1.	. Sulphur dioxide		Stack-height limit in metre	
	(i)	Power generation capacity:		
		- 500 MW and more	275	
	les	- 200/210 MW and above to s than 500 MW	220	
		- less than 200/210 MW	H=14(Q) 0.3	
	(ii)	Steam generation capacity		
		- Less than 2 tonne/h	Less than 8.5 MT	9
		- 2 to 5 tonne/h	8.5 to 21 MT	12
		- 5 to 10 tonne/h	21 to 42 MT	15
		- 10 to 15 tonne/h	42 to 64 MT	18
		- 15 to 20 tonne/h	64 to 104 MT	21
		- 20 to 25 tonne/h	104 to 105 MT	24
		- 25 to 30 tonne/h	105 to 126 MT	27
		- More than 30 tonne/h	More than 126 MT	30
			or using the formula H=14($(Q)^{0.3}$

Omitted by Rule 2 (g) (iv) of the Environment (Protection) Third Amendment Rules, 1993 vide G.S.R. 801(E) dated 31.12.1993.

Substituted by Rule 2(h)(i), ibid.

Note: H – Physical height of the stack in metre Q – Emission rate of SO_2 in kg/hr.

III. Load/Mass based Standards

Sl. No.	Industry		Para	nmeter	Standard	
1.	Fertiliser (Urea)					
	Commissioned Price	or to 1.1.82	Part (PM	iculate Matter []	2 kg/tonne of	product
	Commissioned after	r 1.1.82	Part (PM	iculate Matter []	0.5 kg/tonne	of product
2.	Copper, Lead and Z Smelter/converter	Cinc	Sulp	ohur dioxide	4 kg/tonne of concentrated produced	
3.	Nitric Acid		Oxi	des of Nitrogen	3 kg/tonne of (before conce produced	
¹ [4.	Sulphuric Acid Plan	nt			Quantum Linkg/tonne Plant capacity Existing Unit	y for 100% New Unit
			Sult	ohuric Acid	concenti	ation of
			•	ne/day)		
		Sulphur diox (SO ₂)		Upto 300	2.5	2.0
				Above 100	2.0	1.5]
5.	Coke Oven	1	Carbo	on Monoxide	3 kg/tonne of produced.	coke
² [6.	Petroleum Oil Refinery (Sulphur			Installed Capacity of	Kg/tonne of s feed to SRU	ulphur in the
	Recovery)		SRU* (tonne/day)		Existing SRU	New SRU
		Sulphur Dioxide		Above 20	26	10
				5 to 20	80	40
				Upto 5	120	80

^{*} SRU – Sulphur Recovery Unit]

Substituted by Rule 2(ii) of the Environment (Protection) Third Amendment Rules, 2008 notified by G.S.R.344(E), dated 7.5.2008.

Substituted by Rule 2 of the Environment (Protection) Fifth Amendment Rules, 2009 notified by G.S.R.595(E), dated 21.8.2009.

7.	Aluminium Plants :				
(i)	Anode	Bake Oven To	tal Fluoride	0.3 Kg/MT of Aluminiu	ım
(ii)	Pot roo	om			
(a)	VSS		-do-	4.7 Kg/MT of Aluminiu	ım
(b)	HSS		-do-	6 Kg/MT of Aluminium	า
(c)	PBSW		-do-	2.5 Kg/MT of Aluminiu	ım
(d)	PBCW		-do-	1.0 Kg/MT of Aluminiu	mı
Note:	VSS = Vertical Stud Soderberg HSS = Horizontal Stud Soderberg PBSW = Pre Backed Side Work PBCW = Pre Backed Centre Work			rberg ·k	
8.	Glass	Industry :			
(a)	Furnac	ce Capacity			
	(i)	Up in the prod capacity of 60	uct draw Particulate m	natter 2 Kg/hr ca	
	(ii)	Product draw more than 60	capacity -do-	0.8 Kg/MT of Product	drawn
*NOISI	E STAN	IDARDS - PAI	RT-E		
A.			utomobiles (Free Field ufacturing Stage	I Distance at 7.5 Metre	in
	(a)	Motorcycle, So	cooters & Three Whee	lers	80

(c) Passenger or Commercial vehicles upto 4 MT

(d) Passenger or Commercial vehicles above 4 MT

(e) Passenger or Commercial vehicles exceeding

82

85

89

91

12MT

(b) Passenger Cars

and upto 12 MT

^{*} Standards notified at S. No. 46 may also be referred.

¹[AA. Noise limits for vehicles at manufacturing stage The test method to be followed shall be IS:3028-1998.

(1) Noise limits for vehicles applicable at manufacturing stage from the year 2003

Serial	Type of vehicle	Noise	Date of	
Number		limits	implementation	
		dB(A)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
1.	Two wheeler			
	Displacement upto 80 cm ³	75		
	Displacement more than 80 cm ³ but upto 175 cm ³	77	1 st January,2003	
	Displacement more than 175 cm ³	80		
2.	Three wheeler			
	Displacement upto 175 cm ³	77	1 st January,2003	
	Displacement more than 175 cm ³	80		
3.	Passenger Car	75	1 st January, 2003	
4.	Passenger or Commercial Vehicles			
	Gross vehicle weight upto 4 tonnes	80		
	Gross vehicle weight more than 4 tonnes but upto 12 tonnes.	83	1 st July, 2003	
	Gross vehicle weight more than 12 tonnes.	85		

(2) Noise limits for vehicles at manufacturing stage applicable on and from 1^{st} April, 2005

Serial Number	Type of vehicles	Noise limits
		dB(A)
1.0	Two wheelers	
1.1	Displacement upto 80 cc	75
1.2	Displacement more than 80 cc but upto 175 cc	77
1.3	Displacement more than 175 cc	80
2.0	Three wheelers	
2.1	Displacement upto 175 cc	77
2.2	Displacement more than 175 cc	80
3.0	Vehicles used for the carriage of passengers and capable of	74
	having not more than nine seats, including the driver's seat	

Substituted by Rule 2 of the Environment (Protection) Fourth Amendment Rules, 2002 notified vide Notificat6ion G.S.R.849(E), dated 30.12.2002 (Earlier 'AA – Noise limits for vehicles w.e.f. 1st January 2003' inserted by Rule 2 (2) of the Environment (Protection) Amendment Rules, 2000 notified vide Notification G.S.R. 742(E), dated 25.9.2000.)

4.0	Vehicles used for the carriage of passengers having more than nine seats, including the driver's seat, and a maximum	
	Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW) of more than 3.5 tonnes	
4.1	With an engine power less than 150 KW	78
4.2	With an engine power of 150 KW or above.	80
5.0	Vehicles used for the carriage of passengers having more	
	than nine seats, including the driver's seat : vehicles used for	
	the carriage of goods.	
5.1	With a maximum GVW not exceeding 2 tonnes	76
5.2	With a maximum GVW greater than 3 tonnes but not exceeding	77
	3.5 tonnes	
6.0	Vehicles used for the transport of goods with a	
	maximum GVW exceeding 3.5 tonnes.	
6.1	With an engine power less than 75 KW	77
6.2	With an engine power of 75 KW or above but less than 150	78
	KW.	
6.3	With an engine power of 150 KW or above.	80]

¹[Provided that for vehicles mentioned at serial numbers 3.0 to 6.3, the noise limits for the following States shall be applicable on and from the date specified against that State,-

- Himachal Pradesh with effect from 1st October, 2005
- Jammu and Kashmir with effect from 1st October, 2005 (ii)
- Madhya Pradesh with effect from 1st September, 2005 (iii)
- Punjab with effect from 1st October, 2005 (iv)
- Rajasthan with effect from 1st June, 2005 (v)
- Uttar Pradesh (Mathura, Kannauj, Muzaffarnagar, Aligarh, Farukkabad, (vi) Saharanpur, Badaun, Barreily, Moradabad, Hathras, Rampur, Bijnor, Agra, Pilibhit, J.P. Nagar, Mainpuri, Lalitpur, Hardio, Ferozabad, Jhansi, Shahjahanpur, Etawah, Jalon, Lakhimpur, Kheri, Etah, Mahoba, and Sitapur) with effect from 1st June, 2005.
- Uttranchal with effect from 1st July, 2005.1 (vii)
- B. Domestic appliances and construction equipments at the manufacturing stage to be achieved by 31st December, 1993.

(a) Window Air Conditioners of 1 ton to 1.5 ton	68
(b) Air Coolers	60
(c) Refrigerators	46
² [(d) * * *]
(e) Compactors (rollers), Front Loaders, Concrete	_

mixers, Cranes (moveable), Vibrators and Saws 75 Inserted by the Environment (Protection) Amendment Rules, 2005 notified vide Notification G.S.R.272 (E), dated

Entry (d) relating to 'Diesel Generator of Domestic Purposes......85 - 90' omitted by Rule 3 of the Environment (Protection) Second Amendment, Rules, 2002 notified vide Notification G.S.R. 371(E), dated 17.5.2002.

ANNEXURE-I

(For the purposes of Parts – A, B and C)

The State Boards shall following guide-lines in enforcing the standards specified under the schedule VI:

- (1) the waste waters and gases are to be treated with the best available technology (BAT) in order to achieve the prescribed standards.
- (2) the industries need to be encouraged for recycling and reuse, of waste materials as far as practicable in order to minimize the discharge of wastes into the environments.
- (3) the industries are to be encouraged for recovery of biogas, energy and reusable materials.
- (4) while permitting the discharge of effluent and emission into the environment, State Boards have to take into account the assimilative capacities of the receiving bodies, especially water bodies so that quality of the intended use of the receiving waters is not affected. Where such quality is likely to be effected discharges should not be allowed into water bodies.
- (5) the Central and State Boards shall put emphasis on the implementation of clean technologies by the industries in order to increase fuel efficiency and reduce the generation of environmental pollutants.
- (6) All efforts should be made to remove colour and unpleasant odour as far as practicable.
- (7) The standards mentioned in the Schedule shall also apply to all other effluents discharged such as industrial mining, and mineral processing activities and sewage.
- (8) the limit given for the total concentration of mercury in the final effluent of caustic soda industry, is for the combined effluent from (a) Cell house, (b) Brine Plant, (c) Chlorine handling, (d) hydrogen handling and (e) hydro choleric acid plant.
- (9) $^{1}[(a)....(f)]$
- (10) All effluents discharge including from the industries such as cotton textile, composite woolen mills, synthetic rubber, small pulp & paper, natural rubber, petro-chemicals, tanneries, point dyes,

Omitted by Rule 4 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1996 notified by notification G.S.R. 176(E), dated 2.4.1996.

slaughter houses, food & fruit processing and diary industries into surface waters shall conform to be BOD limit specified above, namely 30 mg/l. For discharge an effluent having a BOD more than 30 mg./l, the standards shall conform to those given, above for other receiving bodies, namely, sewers, coastal waters, and land for irrigation.

- (11) ¹[***.....]
- (12) In case of fertilizer industry the limits in respect of chromium and fluoride shall be complied with at the outlet of chromium and fluoride removal units respectively.
- (13) In case of pesticides:
 - (a) The limits should be complied with at the end of the treatment plant before dilution.
 - (b) Bio-assay test should be carried out with the available species of fish in the receiving water, the COD limits to be specified in the consent conditions should be correlated with the BOD limits.
 - (c) In case metabolites and isomers of the Pesticides in the given list are found in significant concentration, standards should be prescribed for these also in the same concentration as the individual pesticides.
 - (d) Industries are required to analyze pesticides in waste water by advanced analytical methods such as GLC/HPLC.
- (214) The chemical oxygen demands (COD) concentration in a treated effluent, if observed to be persistently greater than 250 mg/l before disposal to any receiving body (public sewer, land for irrigation, inland surface water and marine coastal areas), such industrial units are required to identify chemicals causing the same. In case these are found to be toxic as defined in the Schedule I of the Hazardous Rules 1989 the State Board in such cases shall direct the industries to install tertiary treatment stipulating time limit.
- (15) Standards specified in Part A of Schedule VI for discharge of effluent into the public sewer shall be applicable only if such sewer leads to a secondary treatment including biological treatment system, otherwise the discharge into sewers shall be treated as discharge into inland surface waters].

Omitted by Rule, 2(k) (vii) of the Environment (Protection) Third amendment Rules, 1993 vide G.S.R. 801 (E), dated 31.12.1993.

Inserted by rule 2(k) (ix), ibid.

ANNEXURE-II

(For the purpose of Part-D)

The State Boards shall follow the following guidelines in enforcing the standards specified under Schedule VI:

- (a) In case of cement plants, the total dust (from all sections) shall be within 400 mg/Nm³ and 250 mg/Nm³ for the plants upto 200 t/d and more than 200 t/d capacities respectively.
- (b) In respect of calcinations process (e.g. Aluminum Plants) Kilns. and step Grate Bagasse fired-Boilers. Particulate Matter (PM) emissions shall be within 250 mg/Nm³.
- (c) In case of thermal power plants commissioned prior to 01.01.1982 and having generation capacity less than 62.5 MW, the PM emission shall be within 350 mg/Nm³.
- (d) In case of Lime Kilns of capacity more than 5 t/day and upto 40 t/day, the PM emission shall be within 500 mg/Nm³.
- (e) In case of horse shoe/pulsating Grate and Spreader Stroker Bagasse-fired-Boilders, the PM emission shall be within 500 (12% CO₂) and 800 (12% CO₂) mg/Nm³ respectively. In respect of these boilers, if more than attached to a single stack, the emission standards shall be fixed, based on added capacity of all the boilers connected with the stack.
- (f) In case of asbestos dust, the same shall not exceed 2mg/Nm³.
- (g) In case of the urea plants commissioned after 01.01.92, coke ovens and lead glass units, the PM emission shall be within 50 mg/Nm³.
- (h) In case of small boilers of capacity less than 2 tons/hour and between 2 to 5 tons/ hour, the PM emissions shall be within 1000 and 1200 mg/Nm³.
- (i) In case of integrated Iron and Steel Plants, PM emission upto 400 mg/Nm³ shall be allowed during oxygen lancing.

- (j) In case of stone crushing units, the suspended PM contribution value at a distance of 40 meters from a controlled, isolated as well as from a unit located in cluster should be less than 600 micrograms/Nm³. ¹[* * *] These units must also adopt the following pollution control measures:
 - (i) Dust containment cum suppression system for the equipment;
 - (ii) Construction of wind breaking walls;
 - (iii) Construction of the metalled roads within the premises;
 - (iv) Regular cleaning and wetting of the ground within the premises;
 - (v) Growing of a green belt along with periphery.
- (k) In case of Ceramic industry, from the other sources of pollution, such as basic raw materials and processing operations, heat recovery dryers, mechanical finishing operation, all possible preventive measures should be taken to control PM emission as far as practicable.
- 2. The total fluoride emission in respect of Glass and Phosphatic Fertilizers shall not exceed 5 mg/Nm³ and 25 mg/Nm³ respectively.
- ²3. [In case of copper, lead and zinc smelting, the off-gases may, as far as possible, be utilized for manufacturing sulphuric acid]
- ³4. [In case of cupolas (Foundries) having capacity (melting rate) less than 3 tonne/hour, the particulate matter emission shall be within 450 mg/Nm³. In these cases it is essential that stack is constructed over the cupolas beyond the charging door and the emissions are directed through the stack, which should be at least six times the diameter of cupola. In respect of Arc Furnaces and Induction Furnaces, provision has to be made for collecting the fumes before discharging the emissions through the stack].

[No. Q-15017/24/89-CPW] MUKUL SANWAL, Jt. Secy.

Omitted by Rule 2(i)(iii) of the Environment (Protection) Third Amendment Rules, 1993, vide G.S.R. 801(E) dated 31.12.1993.

Substituted by Rule 2(1)(i); Ibid.

Added by Rule 2(1)(ii), Ibid.